**Application 22/01502/FULH** Author: Rebecca Christie

No:

Date valid: 9 August 2022

Target 4 October 2022 Ward: Tynemouth

decision date:

Application type: Householder Full application

Location: 23 Monks Way, Tynemouth, Tyne And Wear, NE30 2QN,

Proposal: Over garage extension and porch to front elevation. Replacement of timber cladding with smooth white fibre cement cladding

Applicant: Mr Nathan Sandy, 23 Monks Way Tynemouth Tyne And Wear NE30 2QN

Agent: Butler-Curnow Building Surveyors LLP, Mr Richard Lilley 67 Preston Avenue North Shields NE30 2BN

**RECOMMENDATION:** Application Refused

### INFORMATION

# 1.0 Summary Of Key Issues & Conclusions

#### 1.0 Introduction

1. Members are advised that this application is being referred to Planning Committee as an objector is a member of the planning team.

### 2.0 The main issues for Members to consider in this case are:

- -The impact upon neighbours living conditions with particular regard to the impact upon light, outlook and privacy; and,
- -The impact of the proposal upon the character and appearance of the surrounding area.
- 2.1 Planning law requires that applications for planning permission must be determined in accordance with the development plan unless material considerations indicate otherwise. Members need to consider whether this application accords with the development plan and take into account any other material considerations in reaching their decision.

### 3.0 Description of the Site

3.1 The site to which the application relates is a northwest facing semi-detached property in a residential area of Tynemouth. Attached to the southwest elevation of the property there is a flat roof garage and kitchen extension.

3.2 The adjoining property to the northeast is no.21 Monks Way. To the west are nos.12 and 14 Marshmont Avenue. Nos. 12 and 14 have a different orientation to the host property. Their rear elevations face the side elevation and rear garden of the host.

# 4.0 Description of the proposed development

4.1 Planning permission is sought to construct a flat roof first-floor side extension and a porch. The application also includes the replacement of timber cladding with smooth white fibre cement cladding.

# 5.0 Relevant planning history

23 Monks Way

87/00762/FUL, Kitchen extension and front porch, permitted 09.07.1987

#### 14 Marshmont Avenue

79/00124/FUL, Erection of porch, permitted 20.02.1970

77/02354/FUL, New garage laundry and porch and fence, permitted 27.02.1978

### 17 Monks Way:

83/00292/FUL - Bedroom extension over existing garage – permitted 26.04.1983

## 6.0 Development Plan

6.1 North Tyneside Local Plan (2017)

### 7.0 Government Policy

- 7.1 National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) (July 2021)
- 7.2 National Planning Practice Guidance (NPPG) (As amended)
- 7.3 Planning applications must be determined in accordance with the development plan unless material considerations indicate otherwise. The NPPF is a material consideration in the determination of all applications. It requires LPAs to apply a presumption in favour of sustainable development in determining development proposals. Due weight should still be attached to Development Plan policies according to the degree to which any policy is consistent with the NPPF.

### PLANNING OFFICERS REPORT

## 8.0 Detailed Planning Considerations

- 8.1 The main issues for Members to consider in this case are:
- -The impact upon neighbours living conditions with particular regard to the impact upon light, outlook and privacy; and,
- -The impact of the proposal upon the character and appearance of the surrounding area.
- 8.2 Members are advised that 3No representations have been received as a result of the consultation process.

### 9.0 Relevant Planning Policy

9.1 NPPF

- 9.2 The National Planning Policy Framework states that good design is a key aspect of sustainable development, and that permission should be refused for development of poor design.
- 9.3 Local Plan (2017) Policies
- 9.4 Policy S1.4 sets out general development principles. Amongst other matters, this states that development should be acceptable in terms of its impacts on local amenity for existing residents and adjoining premises.
- 9.5 Policy DM6.1 sets out guidance on the design of development. This policy states that:
- "Applications will only be permitted where they demonstrate high and consistent design standards. Designs should be specific to the place, based on a clear analysis of the characteristics of the site, its wider context and the surrounding area."

Proposals are expected to demonstrate:

- a. A design responsive to landscape features, topography, wildlife habitats, site orientation and existing buildings, incorporating where appropriate the provision of public art;
- b. A positive relationship to neighbouring buildings and spaces;
- c. A safe environment that reduces opportunities for crime and antisocial behaviour;
- d. A coherent, legible and appropriately managed public realm that encourages accessibility by walking, cycling and public transport;
- e. Sufficient car parking that is well integrated into the layout; and,
- f. A good standard of amenity for existing and future residents and users of buildings and spaces.
- 9.7 Policy DM6.2 sets out guidance on extending existing buildings. It states that: "Extensions should complement the form and character of the original building. This should be achieved either by continuation of the established design form, or through appropriate contrasting, high quality design. The scale, height and mass of an extension and its position should emphasise subservience to the main building. This will involve a lower roof and eaves height, significantly smaller footprint, span and length of elevations."
- 9.8 Policy DM6.2 states that, amongst other matters, when assessing applications for extending buildings the Council will consider:
- b. The location of the extension in relation to the street scene;
- c. Implications for amenity on adjacent properties and land such as outlook, loss of light or privacy;
- e. The effect that the extension will have on the existing property and whether it enhances the overall design; and
- f. The form, scale and layout of existing built structures near the site.
- 9.11 Policy DM5.18 sets out guidance and policies requirements relating to contaminated and unstable land.
- 9.12 Supplementary Planning Documents (SPD's)

- 9.13 The Council's 'Design Quality' SPD (May 2018) applies to all planning applications that involve building works. It states that extensions must offer a high quality of design that will sustain, enhance and preserve the quality of the built and natural environment. It further states that extensions should complement the form and character of the original building.
- 9.14 The Design Quality SPD 'Front Extensions and Porches' states: The size of extensions to the front of a property will generally be determined by the amount of available space and the character of the dwelling. Porches should avoid the inclusion of side windows where they would directly overlook a neighbour's habitable window. Obscure glazing may provide an alternative solution in these instances. Windows located on the side elevation of other front extensions will not be supported to protect neighbours privacy. It is also important that the driveway is retained at the lengths set out in the Highways section.
- 9.15 The Design Quality SPD 'Side Extensions' states: As an alteration affecting the front of a dwelling, it is important that the width of side extension remains subordinate to the original house. It should also reflect the characteristics of the surrounding area, ....and designed to ensure the dwelling remains balanced in the street scene. Particular care should be given to properties on a corner plot as it must respond appropriately to more than one frontage.

# 10.0 The impact upon neighbours living conditions with particular regard to the impact upon light, outlook and privacy

- 10.1 The proposed porch will project out by approximately 1.2m, to the same level as the existing garage front. Due to the limited projection and the separation distance to the shared boundary with no.21 Monks Way, it is not considered that the porch extension will significantly impact the light out outlook of no.21. There are no windows proposed on the side elevations of the porch, thus there will be minimal impact on the privacy of no.21. Views towards the front garden of no.21 are already afforded from the existing windows on the front elevation.
- 10.2 The first-floor side extension projects to the front to the same level as the existing garage below. Thus, considering the projection and separation distance, the outlook, light and privacy of no.21 will not be significantly impacted.
- 10.3 The proposed first floor side extension runs along the shared boundary with no.14 Marshmont Avenue for approximately 12.4m and also along a small part of the rear boundary of no.12. Due to the orientation of no.14, which is west facing, the west side elevation of the extension is located on the rear boundary of no.14, adjacent to no.14's rear garden and no.14's rear elevation. The rear elevation of no.14 is located approximately 7m from the shared boundary. The extension would impact the light reaching both the rear garden and the windows on the rear elevation of no.14 in the morning. Due to the proximity of the extension to no.14's rear windows, the outlook from the rear windows and rear garden would be impacted. Therefore, in terms of impact of the extension on the outlook and light to No.14, it is considered that the side extension would have a detrimental impact. As the side extension will also run along a small part of the shared boundary with no.12 Marshmont Avenue there will also be some impact to the outlook to the rear of no.12.

- 10.4 There is a frosted window proposed on the southwest side elevation of the extension. Due to this window being located on the shared boundary, this window would need to be obscured glazed to a sufficient level to prevent detriment to the privacy of no.14. However, despite minimising the impact to the privacy of no.14 the impact to the outlook and light to no.14 would still warrant refusal.
- 10.5 Located to the rear of the host property are the rear gardens of properties on Marshmont Avenue, specifically the rear gardens of nos. 10, 8 and 6 Marshmont Avenue. Due to the separation distances and the existing views already afforded from the existing first floor rear windows of the host property, the proposed side extension would not have a significant impact on the outlook, light and privacy of these properties.
- 10.6 Similarly, due separation distance and the existing views already afforded from the windows on the front elevation of the host property, the proposed porch and side extension will have minimal impact on the residential amenity of the property to the front (No.16 Monks Way).
- 10.7 Members need to determine whether the proposed development is acceptable in terms of its impact on the amenity of neighbouring and nearby properties. It is officer advice that the proposal would have a detrimental impact on the amenity of the neighbouring properties to the west, nos. 12 and 14 Marshmont Avenue and is therefore contrary to policies DM6.1 and DM6.2(c).
- 11.0 The impact of the proposal upon the character and appearance of the surrounding area
- 11.1 The immediate street scene is largely characterised by semi-detached and detached residential dwellings. There are numerous examples of side and front porch extensions within the area.
- 11.2 The porch extension accommodates a mono pitched roof, this aids the extension to fit in with the rest of the dwelling. The host property has a hipped roof and the proposed first-floor side extension accommodates a flat roof. Flat roofed extensions are discouraged to dwellings with existing pitched roofs. The flat roof does not meet the guidance set out in the council's Design Quality SPD. The flat roof stands out from the rest of the dwelling and the surrounding street scene. There are two other existing examples of first-floor flat roof side extensions within this street, at nos. 17 and 19 Monks Way and there are some in the wider area. Whilst it is therefore acknowledged that there are a small number of flat roofed first floor side extensions within the streetscene, these were obviously completed a considerable time ago and before the adoption of the North Tyneside Local Plan and Design Quality SPD. These are no reason to allow further inappropriate development. The proposed flat roofed first floor side extension is not in keeping with the style of the host dwelling or the surrounding properties. It will harm the appearance of the host dwelling and the visual amenity of the streetscene.
- 11.4 The proposal includes a white render to the roughcast areas of the property. White render is not an uncommon feature in the area, within the immediate street scene there are numerous examples of rendered properties and properties with different finishes on the front elevation.

11.5 Members need to determine whether the proposed development is acceptable in terms of its impact on the character and appearance of the main dwelling and the surrounding area. It is officer advice that the proposed development is contrary to DM6.1 and DM6.2 and the Design Quality SPD.

## 12.0 Other Issues

- 12.1 The Council's adopted parking standards are set out in the Transport and Highways SPD.
- 12.2 It is noted that the proposed development would increase the number of bedrooms from three to four. Therefore, the level of parking provision provided does not meet the Council's parking standards set out in the Transport and Highways SPD. However, this estate was built prior to the adoption of the Transport and Highways SPD and there are no parking restrictions or known parking problems in the immediate vicinity. Therefore, it is not considered that this proposal would significantly impact on parking provision within the immediate vicinity or severely affect highway safety.

## 13.0 Local Financial Considerations

13.1 Local financial considerations are defined as a grant or other financial assistance that has been, that will or that could be provided to a relevant authority by the Minister of the Crown (such as New Homes Bonus payments) or sums that a relevant authority has received or will or could receive in payment of the Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL). It is not considered that the proposal results in any local financial considerations.

### 14.0 Conclusion

- 14.1 Members need to determine whether the proposal is acceptable in terms of the impact on residential amenity and whether it will have a detrimental impact on the streetscene.
- 14.2 It is officer advice that the proposal will have a detrimental impact on residential amenity and the streetscene. The application is recommended for refusal.

## RECOMMENDATION: Application Refused

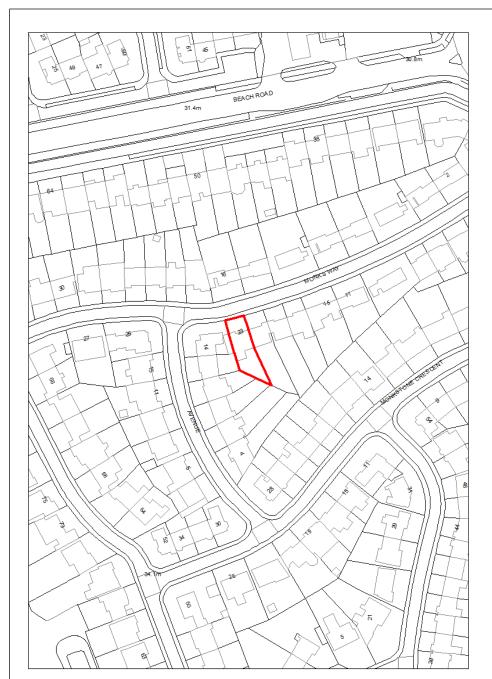
### Conditions/Reasons

1. The proposed first floor side extension, by virtue of its size, height and position in relation to the neighbouring properties, Nos. 12 and 14 Marshmont Avenue, would have a significant overbearing impact on the residents of those properties, resulting in an unacceptable loss of residential amenity in terms of loss of outlook and light from the rear gardens and windows; contrary to Policies DM6.1 and DM6.2 of the North Tyneside Local Plan 2017 and the Design Quality SPD.

2. The proposed first floor side extension, by virtue of its flat roof, is not in keeping with the design of the existing dwelling and would be out of character with the host dwelling and neighbouring properties. The proposal is therefore considered to be contrary to policies DM6.1 and DM6.2 of the North Tyneside Local Plan 2017.

# Statement under Article 35 of the Town & Country (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015):

The proposal would not improve the economic, social and environmental conditions of the area nor does it comply with the development plan and therefore does not comprise sustainable development. There were no amendments to the scheme, or conditions which could reasonably have been imposed, which could have made the development acceptable and it was not therefore possible to approve the application. The Local Planning Authority has therefore implemented the requirements in Paragraph 38 of the National Planning Policy Framework.



Application reference: 22/01502/FULH

Location: 23 Monks Way, Tynemouth, Tyne And Wear, NE30 2QN Proposal: Over garage extension and porch to front elevation. Replacement

of timber cladding with smooth white fibre cement cladding

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# Appendix 1 – 22/01502/FULH Item 4

## **Consultations/representations**

## 1.0 Internal Consultees

1.1 None

### 2.0 Representations

2.1 3No representations have been received. These are summarised as follows:

- Adverse effect on wildlife
- Impact on landscape
- Loss of privacy
- Loss of visual amenity
- Loss of/damage to trees
- Will result in visual intrusion
- Out of keeping with surroundings

In principle, no objections. However, it is very much to be desired that the front of the additional storey will extend no further than the front wall of the house. This point is not wholly plain to us on the plans. We would object to the loss of sightline and light if the front of the new construction were to be aligned perpendicularly with the front of the current garage at this property; rather than set back to be absolutely in line with the house.

- -I object to the proposal of the over garage extension as it will significantly impact on our views/sightline from the rear of our property. The building would be extremely intrusive and will most definitely impact on the saleability and value of our property. It would block light and result in the view from our bedroom window being blocked by a brick building. Also, the proposed rear window would look into our garden and rear windows only metres away. Some thought could be taken over the impact this would have on privacy and overall outlook from my property as this is already proving to be very stressful.
- The new rear window would look directly into our rear garden, impacting on our privacy. Also, the build would result in visual intrusion as it would block our views and limit light from the side. This would also impact on visual amenity as the build would be overbearing in addition to the existing brick kitchen extension, which stands at 3m(H) x 4m(W) bordering our small rear garden. The application states there are no trees or shrubs at risk, however, the extension would interfere with our tree, which has regular nesting birds and stands directly at the corner of the proposed extension.

## 3.0 External Consultees

3.1 None